

Chartered Accountants

513, 'B' Block, Aditya Enclave,

Ameerpet, Hyderabad - 500 038.

Phone No: +91 - 040 - 23731173

E-mail: sukumarbabuandco@hotmail.com

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of KNRC Holdings And Investments Private Limited

Report on the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements of **KNRC Holdings And Investments Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flow the for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs(financial position), profit or loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Ind AS financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, of the state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at March 31, 2020, and its profit (financial performance including other comprehensive income), the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books.
 - The company does not have any branches.
 - d) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - e) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act.

- f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. The Company not issued dividend from inspection of the company, hence transfer of funds not arising.

For Sukumar Babu & Co.,

Chartered Accountants (Firm's Regn. No: 021534S)

C. Sukumar Babu

Partner

Membership No: 024293

UDIN: 20024293AAAAAU1578

Place: Hyderabad Date: 30-05-2020

Annexure – "A" to the Independent Auditors' Report (Referred to in paragraph 1 under the heading "Report on Other Legal and R3egulatory Requirements" of our report on even date)

- i. The company does not have any fixed assets, hence reporting under clause (a) to (c) of Para 3(i) are not applicable.
- ii. As the company did not procure any inventory and as such there is no inventory in hand at any point of time, hence paragraph 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- iii. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liabilities partnership or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Hence, reporting under clause (a) to (c) of Para 3(iii) are not applicable.
- iv. The Company has not entered into any transaction in respect of loans, investments, guarantee and securities, which attracts compliance to the provisions of the sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore the paragraph 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- v. The Company has not accepted deposits in terms of the provisions of section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed there under. Therefore the paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- vi. Maintenance of cost records u/s 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 not applicable to the Company.
- vii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of accounts, the company does not have any tax liability. Therefore the paragraph 3(vii) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- viii. The company has not taken any loan or borrowings from any financial institution or Government. The company has not issued debentures. Therefore the paragraph 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- ix. The Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer.
- x. According to the information and explanation given to us by the management which have been relied by us, there were no frauds on or by the company noticed or reported during the period under audit.

xi. The company has not paid any managerial remuneration. Therefore the provisions of section

197 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act 2013 are not applicable.

xii. The company is not a Nidhi Company, therefore para 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.

xiii. In our opinion and according to the information provided to use, the transaction entered with

the related partied are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act and are disclosed in

the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

xiv. In our opinion and according to the information provided to us, the company had not made

any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible

debentures during the year.

xv. According to the information provided to us, the company has not entered into any non-cash

transaction with directors or the persons connected with him covered under section 192 of the Companies Act 2013. Therefore, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the

company.

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 30-05-2020

xvi. According to the information provided to us, the company is not required to be registered

under section 45IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Therefore, paragraph 3(xvi) of the

Order is not applicable to the company.

For Sukumar Babu & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Regn. No.004188S)

C. Sukumar Babu

Partner

Membership No: 024293

UDIN: 20024293AAAAAU1578

Particulars	Note	March 31 ,2020	(Amount in Rs. March 31,2019
ASSETS		7101 (11 01 72020	March 31,2019
1) Non-current Assets			
Financial Assets			
i) Investments ii) Loans	3	400,043,617	400,043,617
ii) Loans Total Non-Current Assets	4 _	20,745,461	19,067,588
Total Non-Current Assets		420,789,078	419,111,205
2) Current Assets			
Financial assets		İ	
i) Cash and cash equivalents	5	148,491	181,531
ii) Other Financial assets	6	5,634,724	1,055,172
Total Current Assets		5,783,215	1,236,703
TOTAL ASSETS			
TOTAL ASSETS		426,572,293	420,347,908
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
a) Equity Share capital	7	100,000	100,000
b) Instrument entirely equity in Nature	7.4	398,539,269	398,539,269
c) Other equity	8	5,694,091	5,427,281
Total Equity		404,333,360	404,066,550
LIABILITIES			
1) Non-current Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	9	15 069 502	14 677 070
Total Non-Current Liabilities	, <u> </u>	15,968,593 15,968,593	14,677,070 14,677,070
2) Command 1:=1:11:1		, , , , , ,	- 1,077,070
2) Current Liabilities			
a) Financial liabilities Other financial liabilities			
b) Other current Liability	10	6,266,940	1,604,288
Total Current Liabilities	11	3,400	
Total Carrolle Mediffico		6,270,340	1,604,288
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		426,572,293	420,347,908
e accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements per our report of even date attached	i		
per our report or even date attached			
r Sukumar Babu & Co.,	For and	on behalf of the Board	
artered Accountants		THVEST	\
rm's Registration No. 021534S)		A TO THE	
		(app. 18)	
		PRO ELECTORIAN	割りかるの
Sulmana Batan	0	1 - 1131"	7) 1
Sukumar Babu tner		Gopal Redd	//Yashoda
mbership No: 024293	Director		irector
ce: Hvderabad	DIN No:	08089571	DIN No: 05157487

UDIN: 20024293A AAAAU 1578

	Particulars	Note	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019	
I	Revenue from Operations		Audited	Audited	
ΙΙ	Other income	12	1,677,873	1 122 22	
III	Total Revenue (I + II)	12	1,677,873	1,123,73 1,123,73	
IV	Expenses	<u> </u>	1,077,873	1,123,/3.	
	Finance costs	13	1,324,563	745,57	
	Other expenses	14	86,500	2,173,84	
	Total expenses (IV)	-	1,411,063	2,919,413	
٧	Profit before exceptional items and tax (III - IV)		266,810	(1,795,680	
VI	Exceptional items		-	(,,	
VII	Profit/(Loss) before tax (V - VI)		266,810	(1,795,680	
VIII	Tax expense	1 [
	1) Current tax		-	-	
	2) Deferred tax			-	
T.V	Powerful Co. and Co. a		**	-	
IX Profit (Loss) for the period (VII - VIII) X Other Comprehensive Income a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			266,810	(1,795,680	
	in terms that will be reclassified to profit or loss items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-	
XII	Total Comprehensive Income for the period	-			
~~	Total complementate income for the period		266,810	(1,795,680	
XII	Earnings per equity share: (In Rs.)				
	1) Basic		26.68	(179.5	
	2) Diluted		26.68	(179.5)	
	- <i>1</i> - <i>n</i> -		20.00	(179.5	
See ac	companying notes forming part of the financial statements				
۹s per	our report of even date attached				
	ıkumar Babu & Co.,		For and on behalf of th	e Board	
Charte	ered Accountants			_	
Firm':	Registration No. 021534S)		INVESTA		
-	== 3 M	~	1840 - 184 ONA	KAN IO U	
ســــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ		~	SOUND SOUND ERABA	ساول	
Partne	umar Babu			K. Yashoda	
	r ership No: 024293	Direct		Director	
	Hyderabad	ן אוט	Vo: 08089571	DIN No: 05157487	
	: 30-05-2020				

UDIN: 2002U293AA AAAU 1578

		·	(Amount in Rs.)
	Particulars	Year ended 31-03-2020	Year ended 31-03-2019
A)	Cash flow from Operating Activities	51-05-2020	31-03-2019
	Profit before tax from continuing operations	266,810	(1,795,680
	Adiustments for:	į	,
	Interest Income on Fair Value of interest free loans	(1.677.873)	(1,123,733
	Interest Expense on Fair Value of interest free loans	1,291,523	724,635
	Finance costs Operating profit before working capital changes	33,040	20,935
	Working capital adjustments:	(86,500)	(2,173,843
	(Increase)/Decrease in Trade and Other Receivables	(4.576.152)	(189,100
	(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories	14.570.1527	1103,100
	Increase/(Decrease) in Trade and other Payables	4,662,652	(844,231
	Cash generated/ (used) from Operations	-	(3,207,174
	Income Taxes (paid) / Refunds	_	
	Net Cash flows from / (used in) Operating Activities- (A)		(3,207,174
B)	Cash flow from Investing Activities		
	(Increase)/decrease in Investments	-	(74,424,940
	(Increase)/decrease in Loans	-	(6,486,189
	Net Cash flows from / (used in) Investing Activities- (B)		(80,911,129
C)	Cash flow from Financing Activities		
	Finance cost paid	(33,040)	(20,935
	Instrument entirely equity in nature(FV of unsecured loan)	-	75.996.197
	Proceeds/(Repayment) of borrowings		8,122,106
	Net Cash Flows from / (used in) Financing Activities- (C)	(33,040)	84,097,368
	Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents - (A+B+C)	(33,040)	(20,935
	Cash & Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	181,531	202,466
	Cash &Cash Equivalents as at end of the year (Refer note 1)	148,491	181,531
Note			
1	Cash & Cash equivalents includes:	474.460	
	Cheques on hand	134,469	134,469
	Bank Balance -Current Account	14,022	47,062
3 4	The Cash flow statement is prepared in accordance with the Indirect Method stated in Ind-A flows by operating, investing and financing activities. Previous vear's figures have been regrouped, wherever necessary. Figures in brackets represent cash outflows. accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements	S7 on Cash Flow Statements	and presents the cash
	er our report of even date attached		
or	Sukumar Babu & Co.,	For and on behalf of the B	oard -
	tered Accountants	NESTME	\
Firn	n's Registration No. 021534S)		· ~ Ma
		NA PARAMETER SOLON	(1) D C
~ =.	ıkumar Babu	# (1 0 0 0 0 0) I	
art:	nama susu	V. Venu Gopal Reddy	Yashoda
			rector IN No: 05157487
	: Hyderabad	WARC A SOUND TO MICE	TIN 110: 03137407
1000			

UDIN: 20024293AAAAAU1578

1. **Corporate Information:**

The company has been incorporated in October 24, 2011 as a private limited company and its registered office at KNR House, 4th Floor Plot No. 114, Phase-I, Kavuri Hills Hyderabad. This company is subsidiary of KNR Constructions Limited.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 notified under Companies Act, 2013, (the 'Act') and other relevant provisions of the Act.

2.2 **Basis of Preparation & Presentation**

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') (to the extent notified) and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

2.3 Current and non-current classification

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current, wherever applicable, as per the operating cycle of the Company as per Schedule III to the Act. Operating cycle for the business activities of the Company covers the duration of the project/ contract/ service including the defect liability period, wherever applicable, and extends up to the realization of receivables (including retention monies) within the credit period normally applicable to the respective project.

2.4 Fair Value Measurement

The company measures certain financial instruments and other items in its financial statements at fair value at each balance sheet date.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within fair value hierarchy based on the low level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (observable inputs).

Level 3 - Inputs for the assets and liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

2.5 **Investment in Subsidiaries**

On initial recognition, these investments are recognised at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction cost. Subsequently, they are measured at cost.

2.6 **Investment property**

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation (including property under construction for such purposes). Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial reconstitution, investment properties are measured in accordance with the Ind AS 16's requirement for distinguished. An investment property is derecognized upon disposal or property is permanently withdrawn from use and no further economic benefits expected from disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property is included the property or loss in the period in

which the property is derecognized.

2.7 Financial instruments

i. Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial assets

Financial asset is

- · Cash / Equity Instrument of another Entity,
- Contractual right to
 - a) receive Cash / another Financial Asset from another Entity, or
 - b) exchange Financial Assets or Financial Liabilities with another Entity under conditions that are potentially favourable to the Entity.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at

- Amortized cost:
- FVTPL

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial liabilities

Financial liability is Contractual Obligation to

- · deliver Cash or another Financial Asset to another Entity, or
- exchange Financial Assets or Financial Liabilities with another Entity under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Entity

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held for trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on de-recognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

ii. De-recognition

Financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

Financial liabilities

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire.

The Company also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognized in profit or loss.

iii. Impairment

Impairment of financial instruments

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- · Financial assets that are measured at amortized cost
- · Trade receivables

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component. The application of simplified approach does not require the company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For impairment testing, assets that do not generate independent cash inflows are grouped together into cash-generating units (CGUs). Each CGU represents the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs.

The recoverable amount of a CGU (or an individual asset) is the higher of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGU (or the asset).

An impairment loss is recognized, if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. Impairment loss recognized in respect of a CGU is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets of the CGU (or group of CGUs) on a pro rata basis.

2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and bank balances are considered as cash and cash equivalents.

2.9 Provisions

Provisions are recognised only when:

- a) An entity has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event
- b) It is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- c) A reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Reimbursement expected in respect of expenditure required to settle a provision is recognised only when it is virtually certain that the reimbursement will be received.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2.10 Contingent liability, Contingent Assets and Commitments

Contingent liability is disclosed in case of

a) A present obligation arising from past events, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation

b) A present obligation arising from past events, when no reliable estimate possible.

Contingent assets are disclosed where an inflow of economic denember

Commitments are future liabilities for contractual expenditure. Commitments are classified and disclosed as follows:

- a) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for
- b) Other non-cancellable commitments, if any, to the extent they are considered material and relevant in the opinion of management.
- c) Other commitments related to sales/procurements made in the normal course of business are not disclosed to avoid excessive details.

Contingent liabilities, Contingent assets and Commitments are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date.

2.11 Revenue recognition

The Company has adopted Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" with the date of initial application being April 1, 2018. Ind AS 115, revenue from contracts with customers, mandatory for reporting period beginning on or after April 1, 2018 replaced existing revenue recognition requirements i.e. Ind AS 18 Revenue Recognition and Ind AS 11 Construction Contracts. There were no significant adjustments required to the retained earnings as on April 1, 2018.

To recognize revenue, the Company applies the following five step approach:

- (1) Identify the contract with a customer
- (2) Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- (3) Determine the transaction price
- (4) Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligation in the contract, and
- (5) Recognize revenue when a performance obligation is satisfied.

Other Income

Interest income: Finance income is accrued on a time proportion basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and the applicable Effective interest rate (EIR). Other income is accounted for on accrual basis. Where the receipt of income is uncertain, it is accounted for on receipt basis. Other Items of Income: Other items of income are accounted as and when the right to receive arises and it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the amount of income can be measured reliably.

2.12 Cash Flow Statement

The Cash flow statement is prepared in accordance with Ind AS 7 by using indirect method by segregating as cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities. Under the Cash flow from operating activities, the net profit is adjusted for the effects of Non-cash items, Changes in working capital and other items for which the cash effects are investing or financing cash flows.

Cash and cash equivalents (including bank balances) are reflected as such in the Cash Flow Statement. Those amounts which are not considered in cash and cash equivalents as on the date of Balance Sheet are included in investing activities.

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition).

2.13 Earnings per share

a) Basic Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the company
- by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year and excluding treasury share.

b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs vassociated with dilutive potential equity shares, and
- The weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.14 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs include interest expense calculated using the effective interest method. Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of cost of such asset till such time the asset is ready for its intended use or sale. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily requires a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.15 Key accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets, liabilities (including contingent liabilities), income and expenses. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognized in the periods in which the results are known / materialize. Estimates include the property plant and equipment, inventory, future obligations in respect of retirement benefit plans, provisions, fair value measurement and taxes etc.

Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financials assets and financial liabilities recorded in the Balance Sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques, including the discounted cash flow model, which involve various judgements and assumptions.

2.16 Standards issued but not effective

On March 30, 2019, Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Ind AS 116, Leases. Ind AS116 will replace the existing leases Standard, Ind AS 17 Leases, and related Interpretations. The Standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases for both parties to a contract i.e., the lessee and the lessor. Ind AS 116 introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than twelve months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. Currently, operating lease expenses are charged to the statement of Profit & Loss. The Standard also contains enhanced disclosure requirements for lessees. Ind AS 116 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in Ind AS 17.

The effective date for adoption of Ind AS 116 is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2019. The standard permits two possible methods of transition:

Full retrospective – Retrospectively to each prior period presented applying Ind AS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

Modified retrospective – Retrospectively, with the cumulative effect of initially applying the Standard recognized at the date of initial application.

The effect of adoption as on transition date would not impact the financial statements



Notes forming part of the financial statements				
3 - Investments				(Amount in Re.)
			As a	
Non-current			March 31,2020	March 31 ,2019
Unquoted trade investments:				
a) i) Equity instruments of subsidiaries at cost:				
KNR Muzaffarpur Holdings Pvt. Ltd., 10,000 (10,000) equity shares of Rs.10/- each, fully paid			100.000	100.000
Gradient Estates Pvt. Ltd.,			100,000	100.000
10,000 (10,000) equity shares of Rs.10/- each, fully paid				
Asara Construction & Projects Pvt. Ltd., 10,000 (10,000) equity shares of Rs.10/- each, fully paid			100.000	100.000
Mesmeric Software Solutions Pvt. Ltd.,			100,000	100,000
10,000 (10,000) equity shares of Rs.10/- each, fully paid			200.000	100,000
Nag Talent Ventures and Infotech Pvt. Ltd., 10,000 (10,000) equity shares of Rs.17.49/- each, fully paid	r		174.940	174,940
10,000 (10,000) equity shares of RS.17.49/- each, fully paid	I			
ii) Investment In Subsidiary (FV based on Inter corporate	e Loans)			
Asara Construction & Projects Pvt. Ltd.,			16,962,481	16,962,481
Gradient Estates Pvt. Ltd., Mesmeric Software Solutions Pvt. Ltd.,			17,168,313 946,910	17,168,313 946,910
Nag Talent Ventures and Infotech Pvt. Ltd.,			1,481,064	1,481,064
KNR Muzaffarpur Holdings pvt Ltd			362,909,909	362,909,909
Total			400 040 647	400 040 640
30(0)			400,043,617	400,043,617
4 - Loans				(Amount in Rs.)
			As a March 31 ,2020	t
Non-current			March 31 ,2020	March 31 ,2019
Unsecured, considered good:				
Inter Corporate Loans to related parties				
Asara Construction & Projects Pvt. Ltd., Gradient Estates Pvt. Ltd.,			7,601,284 7,694,177	6,986,500 7,071,881
Mesmeric Software Solutions Pvt. Ltd.,			2,125,500	1,953,591
Nag Talent Ventures and Infotech Pvt. Ltd.,			3,324,500	3,055,616
			20.745.461	19.067.588
5 - Cash and Cash Equivalents	F 115 118		***************************************	13,007,300
				(Amount in Rs.)
			As a March 31 ,2020	March 31,2019
Balances with banks:				
in current accounts Cheques on hand			14,022	47,062
Cash on hand			134,469	134,469
				
Total			148,491	181,531
5 - Other Financial assets				
				(Amount in Rs.)
			As a	it
			As a March 31 ,2020	
			March 31 ,2020	nt March 31 ,2019
Current				nt March 31 ,2019
Current Advances to related parties			March 31 ,2020 5,634,724	nt March 31,2019 1,055,172
Current Advances to related parties			March 31 ,2020 5,634,724 5,634,724	March 31 ,2019 1,055,172 1,055,172 (Amount in Rs.)
Current Advances to related parties			March 31 ,2020 5,634,724 5,634,724 As a	1,055,172 1,055,172 (Amount in Rs.)
Current Advances to related parties			March 31 ,2020 5,634,724 5,634,724	March 31 ,2019 1,055,172 1,055,172 (Amount in Rs.)
Current Advances to related parties 7 - Equity Share Capital			March 31 ,2020 5,634,724 5,634,724 As a	1,055,172 1,055,172 1,055,172 (Amount in Rs.) st March 31,2019
Current Advances to related parties 7 - Equity Share Capital Authorised Share capital			March 31 ,2020 5,634,724 5,634,724 As a March 31 ,2020	1,055,172 1,055,172 1,055,172 (Amount in Rs.) at March 31,2019
Current Advances to related parties 7 - Equity Share Capital Authorised Share capital 2,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each Issued, subscribed & fully paid share capital 10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each			March 31 ,2020 5,634,724 5,634,724 As a March 31 ,2020	1,055,172 1,055,172 1,055,172 (Amount in Rs.) at March 31,2019
Current Advances to related parties 7 - Equity Share Capital Authorised Share capital 2,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each Issued, subscribed & fully paid share capital 10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each (Wholly Owned subsidiary of KNR Constructions Limited)			March 31 ,2020 5,634,724 5,634,724 As a March 31 ,2020 20,000,000 100,000	1,055,172 1,055,172 1,055,172 (Amount in Rs.) March 31,2019 20,000,000
Current Advances to related parties 7 - Equity Share Capital Authorised Share capital 2,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each Issued, subscribed & fully paid share capital 10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each (Wholly Owned subsidiary of KNR Constructions Limited) Total			March 31,2020 5,634,724 5,634,724 As a March 31,2020 20,000,000 100,000	1,055,172 1,055,172 1,055,172 (Amount in Rs.) March 31,2019 20,000,000 100,000
Current Advances to related parties 7 - Equity Share Capital Authorised Share capital 2,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each Issued, subscribed & fully paid share capital 10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each (Wholly Owned subsidiary of KNR Constructions Limited) Total	, shares having a March 31, 2020 a	par value of Rs nd March 31, 2	March 31 ,2020 5,634,724 5,634,724 As a March 31 ,2020 20,000,000 100,000 100,000	1,055,172 1,055,172 1,055,172 (Amount in Rs.) March 31,2019 20,000,000 100,000
Current Advances to related parties 7 - Equity Share Capital Authorised Share capital 2,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each Issued, subscribed & fully paid share capital 10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each (Wholly Owned subsidiary of KNR Constructions Limited) Total	March 31, 2020 a	nd March 31, 2	March 31,2020 5,634,724 5,634,724 As a March 31,2020 20,000,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000	1,055,172 1,055,172 1,055,172 (Amount in Rs.) March 31 ,2019 20,000,000 100,000 100,000
Current Advances to related parties 7 - Equity Share Capital Authorised Share capital 2,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each Issued, subscribed & fully paid share capital 10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each (Wholly Owned subsidiary of KNR Constructions Limited)	/ shares having a March 31, 2020 a March 3	nd March 31, 20 1,2020	March 31 ,2020 5,634,724 5,634,724 As a March 31 ,2020 20,000,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 March 31 set out below: March 31 ,2020	1,055,172 1,055,172 (Amount in Rs.) March 31 ,2019 20,000,000 100,000 100,000 uity shares is
Current Advances to related parties 7 - Equity Share Capital Authorised Share capital 2,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each Issued, subscribed & fully paid share capital 10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each (Wholly Owned subsidiary of KNR Constructions Limited) Total 7.1 The Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity 7.2 The details of shareholder holding more than 5% shares as at I	March 31, 2020 a March 3	nd March 31, 2	March 31,2020 5,634,724 5,634,724 As a March 31,2020 20,000,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000	1,055,172 1,055,172 1,055,172 (Amount in Rs.) st March 31,2019 20,000,000 100,000 ulty shares is

HYOERABAD HYOERABAD

7.3 The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the	March	31,2020	March 3:	1.2019
	No. of Shares	Amount in Rupees	No. of Shares	Amount in Rupee:
Number of Equity Shares at the beginning Add:- Number of Shares Issued Less: Number of Shares Bought Back	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000
Number of Equity Shares at the end of the year	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000
7.4 - Instrument entirely equity in Nature				
			As a	
KNR Constructions Ltd.,			March 31 ,2020 398,539,269	March 31,2019 398,539,269
			398,539,269	398,539,269
8 - Other Equity				(Amount in Rs.)
		_	As March 31 ,2020	
Surplus in the statement of profit and loss Balance at the beginning of the period Add: (Loss)/ Profit for the period			5,427,281 266,810	7,222,961 (1,795,680
Total (a+b)	1/20/2///		5,694,091	5,427,281
9 - Borrowings				(Amount in Rs.)
			As	at
Non-current Unsecured loans		12 13 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	March 31 ,2020	March 31 ,2019
From related parties - KNR Constructions Ltd.,			15,968,593	14,677,070
Total			15,968,593	14,677,070
Note: Intercorporate loans to related parties carried at fair value	as per ind AS			
10 - Other Financial Liabilities				(Amount in Rs.)
		-	As March 31 ,2020	at March 31 ,2019
Current Advance Received From Related Parties (Refer note : 21) - KNR Constructions Limited			5,752,340	1,079,288
- KNR Energy Pvt limited Outstanding Expenses			500,000 14,600	500,000 25,000
Total current other financial liabilities		-	6,266,940	1,604,288
Total		-	6,266,940	1,604,288
11 - Other Current Liability				F00 000 00
			As	
			March 31 ,2020	March 31 ,2019
TDS Payable			3,400.00	-
Total		_	3,400.00	_



KNRC Holdings and Investments Private Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements		
12 - Other Income		
		(Amount in Rs.
	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Interest Income on Fair Value of interest free loans	1,677,873	1,123,733
Total	1,677,873	1,123,733
12 Finance Conta		
13 - Finance Costs		(Amount in Rs
	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Interest Expense on Fair Value of interest free loans	1,291,523	724,635
Bank Charges	33,040	20,935
Total	1,324,563	745,570
14 - Other Expenses		
24 Other Expenses		(Amount in Rs.
	Year	Year
	ended	ended
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Audit Fees	34,000	25,000
General expenses	500	-
Filling Charges	9,000	47,840
Professional Fee	43,000	66,000
Derecognition of Financial Asset	-	2,035,003
Total	86,500	2,173,843



KNRC Holdings and Investments Private Limited

Notes to the financial statements

15 Capital management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and for the future development of the Company. In order to maintain or achieve an optimal capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend payment, return on capital to shareholders or issue of new shares.

The Company's adjusted net debt to equity ratio at March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019 was as follows:

(Amount in Rs.)

		CALIFORNIA IN NO.
Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2020 March 31, 2019
Debts	15,968,593	14,677,070
Less: cash and cash equivalents	148,491	181,531
Adjusted net debt	15,820,102	14,495,539
Total equity	404,333,360	404,066,550
Adjusted equity	404,333,360	404,066,550

Adjusted net debt to adjusted equity ratio | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.094 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 | 0.004 |

16 Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management
A. Accounting classifications and fair values
The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy.

March 31, 2020			(Amount in Rs.)	
		Carrying amount		
Particulars	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total carrying amount	Level
Financial assets				
Investments	•	400.043.617	400,043,617	
Inter Corporate foans	•	20,745,461	20,745,461	
Cash and cash equivalents	•	148,491	148,491	
Other receivables	•	5,634,724	5,634,724	1
	_	426,572,293	426,572,293	
Financial liabilities				
Unsecured loans		15,968,593	15,968,593	_
Other financial liabilities	-	6,266,940	6,266,940	
			1	

(Amount in Rs.) 400,043,617 20,745,461 5,634,724 **426,423,802** 15,968,593 Totai 15,968,593 6,266,940 22,235,533 400,043,617 20,745,461 5,634,724 Fair Value Level 3 Level 2 el 1 22,235,533 22,235,533

The management assessed the financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost are approximate to the fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.

(Amount in Rs.)

March 31, 2019

		Callyany and unit		
Particulars	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	Total carrying amount	ž.
Financial assets				
Investments	•	400.043.617	400,043,617	
Inter Corporate loans	•	19,067,588	19,067,588	
Cash and cash equivalents	•	181,531	181.531	
Other receivables		1,055,172	1,055,172	
	-	420,347,908	420,347,908	
Financial liabilities				
Unsecured loans	1	14,677,070	14.677.070	
Other financial liabilities	•	1,604,288	1,604,288	ا
		16,281,358	16,281,358	

			Fair Value		
бι	Level 1	Level 1 Level 2	Level 3	Total	
517	•	-	400,043,617	400,043,617	
588		1	19,067,588	19,067,588	
531		,	1	1	
172	,	,	1,055,172	1,055,172	
80		-	420,166,377	420,166,377	
0.20			14 677 070	14 677 070	
288	1		1,604,288	1,604,288	
28		,	16,281,358	16,281,358	

(Amount in Rs.)

ks would be The management assessed the financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost are approximate to the fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the facely of settled.

MEN HYC

16 Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (Contd..)

B. Financial risk management

The Company has exposure to the following risks arising from financial instruments:

a) credit risk

b) liquidity risk

c) market risk

The company's focus is to estimate a vulnerability of financial risk and to address the issue to minimize the potential adverse effects of its financial performance.

a) Credit risk
Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers; loans and investments in debt securities. The Company is not exposed to Credit risk as it don't have any trade receivables

b) Liquidity risk Liquidity risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The Company uses activity-based costing to cost its products and services, which assists it in monitoring cash flow requirements and optimising its cash return on investments.

Exposure to liquidity risk
The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted, and include contractual interest payments and exclude the impact of netting agreements.

As at March 31, 2020					(Amount in Rs.)
D		Contractual	Cash flows		
Particulars	Carrying Amount	Upto 1 year	1 to 3 Years	More than 3 years	Total
Non-derivative financial liabilities Un Secured loans Other financial liabilities	15,968,593 6,266,940	14,600	4,790,578 6,252,340	-	15,968,593 6,266,940
	22,235,533	14,600	11,042,918	11,178,015	22,235,533

As at March 31, 2019					(Amount in Rs.)
- · · ·		Contractual	Cash flows		
Particulars	Carrying Amount	Upto 1 year	1 to 3 Years	More than 3 years	Total
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Un Secured loans	14,677,070	-	1,749,099	12,927,971	14,677,070
Other financial liabilities	1,604,288	25,000	2,436,719	<u> </u>	2,461,719
	16,281,358	25,000	4,185,818	12,927,971	17,138,789

c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices - such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices - will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

i) Foreign currency risk

Foreign Currency risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flow of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rate. The Company is not exposed to foreign currency risk as it has no borrowing or no material payables in foreign currency

ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to Interest rate risk as it has no variable interest bearing borrowings.

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk). The Company is not exposed to Price risk as it has no investments.



17. Contingent Liability and Commitments: Nil

18. Segment Reporting

There are no reportable segments as per Ind AS 108.

19. Auditor's remuneration charged to the accounts:

(Amt. In Rs.)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year Ended March 31, 2019
Audit fees	34,000	

20. Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 33 "Earnings Per Share(EPS)"

(Amount in Rs.)

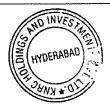
		` '
Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
i. Profit (loss) attributable to equity shareholders(basic)	2,66,810	(17,95,680)
ii. Weighted average number of equity shares (basic)	10,000	10,000
Basic EPS	26.68	(179.57)
i. Profit (loss) attributable to equity shareholders(diluted)	2,66,810	(17,95,680)
ii. Weighted average number of equity shares (diluted)	10,000	10,000
Diluted EPS	26.68	(179.57)

21. As per Ind AS 24, "Related Party Disclosure" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the disclosures of transactions with the Related Parties as defined in the Accounting Standard are as follows:

A. List of related parties and relationships:

S. No.	Name of the related party	Nature of relationship
1	KNR Constructions Limited	Holding Company
2	Mr. K.Jalandhar Reddy	Director
3	Mrs. K. Yashoda	Director
4	KNR Muzaffarpur Barauni Tollway Private Limited	Step down subsidiary
5	KNR Muzaffarpur Holdings Pvt Ltd	
6	Asara Constructions & Projects Private Limited	Subsidiaries
7	Gradient Estates Private Limited	
8	Mesmeric Software	
9	Nag Talent Ventures & Infotech Pvt. Ltd	
10	Roche Polymers & Additives Pvt. Ltd., #	
11	Gradient Realty Ventures Pvt. Ltd., #	

[#] Companies closed on 19-03-2018.



B. Transactions with related parties during the year ended

(Amount in Rs.)

S.	Name of the related party	Nature of transactions	March 31,	March 31,
No.			2020	2019
1	KNR Constructions Limited	Instruments entirely equity in nature	_	7,59,96,197
		Advance received	46,73,052	3,14,740
		Inter corporate loan received/(Repaid)	-	81,22,106
		Interest paid on Inter corporate loans	12,91,523	7,24,635
		Derecognition of Financial liability	-	-
2	KNR Muzaffarpur Holdings Pvt Ltd	Advance given	-	-
		Inter Corporate Loans	-	4,34,40,782
3	Asara Constructions & Projects	Inter corporate Loans given/(repaid)	6,14,784	22,83,834
	Private Limited	Advance given	22,66,533	45,640
4	Gradient Estates Private Limited	Inter corporate Loans given/(repaid)	6,22,296	49,21,998
		Advance given	22,12,539	45,950
5	Mesmeric Software	Inter corporate Loans given/(repaid)	1,71,909	1,57,595
		Advance given	38,690	51,870
6	Nag Talent Ventures &	Inter corporate Loans given/(repaid)	2,68,884	2,46,495
	Infotech Pvt Ltd	Advance given	61,790	45,640

C. Balances outstanding

(Amount in Rs.)

S.No.	Name of the related		(Amount in Rs.		
3.110.	party	Nature of transactions	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	
		Equity Share Capital	1,00,000	1,00,000	
		Instruments entirely equity in nature	39,85,39,269	39,85,39,269	
1	KNR Constructions	Advance payable	57,52,340	10,79,288	
	Limited	Inter corporate loan received	1,59,68,593	1,46,77,070	
		Investment in equity	1,00,000	100,000	
		Advance receivable	36,29,09,909	36,29,09,909	
2	KNR Muzaffarpur Holdings Pvt Ltd	Inter corporate Loans - (Investment)	4,99,572	4,99,572	
		Investment in equity	1,00,000	100,000	
		Inter corporate Loans - (Investment)	1,69,62,481	1,69,62,481	
3	Asara Constructions & Projects Private Limited	Inter corporate loans receivable	76,01,284	69,86,500	
		Advance receivable	23,98,148	1,31,615	
		Investment in equity	1,00,000	100,000	
4	Gradient Estates Private	Inter corporate Loans - (Investment)	1,71,68,313	1,71,68,313	
	Limited	Inter corporate loans receivable	76,94,177	70,71,881	
		Advance receivable	23,44,464	1,31,925	
		Investment in equity	1,00,000	100,000	
	•	Inter corporate Loans - (Investment)	9,46,910	9,46,910	
5	Mesmeric Software	Inter corporate loans receivable	21,25,500	19,53,591	
		Advance receivable	183,780	1,45,090	
		Investment in equity	1,74,940	174,940	
		Inter corporate Loans - (Investment)	14,81,064	1,481,064	
6	Nag Talent Ventures &	Inter corporate loans receivable	33,24,500	30,55,616	
	Infotech Pvt Ltd	Advance receivable	2,08,760	1,46,970	
7	KNR Energy Ltd.,	Advance receivable	5,00,000	500,000	



22. Reconciliation between the Opening and Closing balances in the financial statement for Financial Liabilities and Assets arising from Financial Activities (Ind AS - 7)

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Instruments entirely equity in nature	Long term Borrowings	
Opening Balance	39,85,39,269	1,46,77,070	
Cash flows		-	
- Received/(Repaid)	-	_	
Non Cash items		12,91,523	
Closing Balance	39,85,39,269	1,59,68,593	

23. Approval of Financial Statements

The financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on May 30, 2020

24. Previous year's figures have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary.

For Sukumar Babu & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No. 021534S)

C. Sukumar Babu

Partner

Membership No: 024293

Place: Hyderabad Date: 30.05.2020

UDIN: 20024293AAAAAU1578

V. Venu Gopal Reddy

Director

DIN No: 08089571

K. Yashoda

Director

For and on behalf of the Board

AND IN

DIN No: 05157487